SCTC Conference – Annapolis 2018

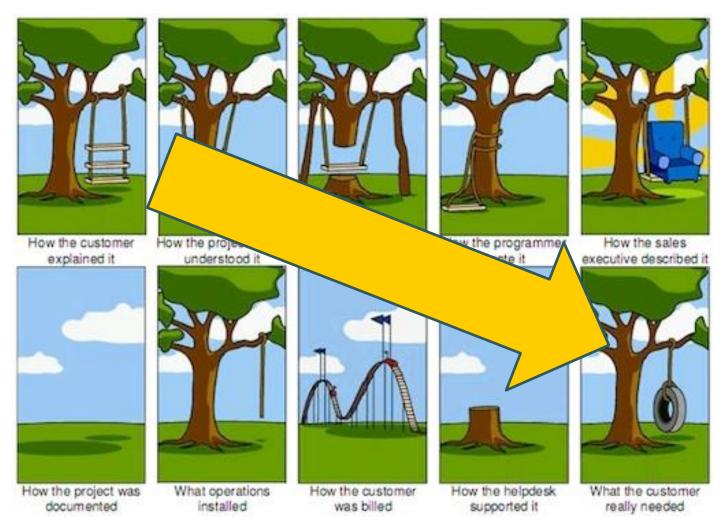
Managing Technical Projects



Dave Mailer 26 September 2018



The Tree Swing



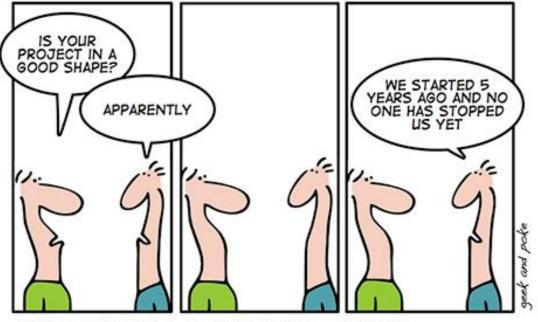




- Why are we here?
- □ Why are technical projects different?
- □ The role of the consultant project manager
- Certification
- □ The 4C approach
- Learned the hard way
- Discuss



Why Bother?



ONE YEAR IN A IT PROJECT - DAY 19





The Quiz

- □ ??% of projects fail [source: 4PM]
- The failure of IT costs the USA \$..... annually [source: Harvard Business Review]
- Only ??% of teams in the UK reported completing projects on time more often than not [source: Wellingtone]
- 73% of US workers think that technology can never source: PWC]



4C | STRATEGIES Why are we asked to be PM?

- Governance
- **Quality Assurance**
- **Project Assurance**
- Resource
- Continuity
- **Technical expertise**



But most importantly.....

To make the project happen



CT Projects

- Technically complex
- Many stakeholders
- Rarely a turnkey project
- Many dependencies
- Not fully designed at contract stage
- Unique blend of technical, functional (user) and business objectives





- Good Cop / Bad Cop
- Diplomat
- Magician
- Pragmatist
- Grafter
- Owner

- Juggler
- Banker
- Negotiator
- Perfectionist
- Decision Maker

Leader





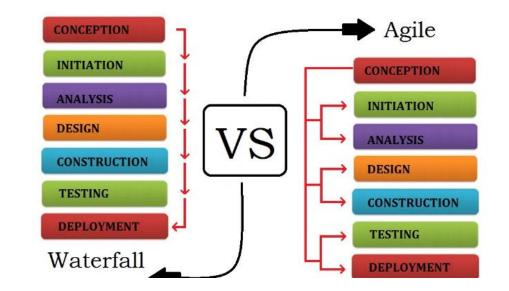




- PMP: Project Management Professional
- CAPM: Certified Associate in Project Management
- CSM: Certified ScrumMaster
- CompTIA Project+ certification
 - **PRINCE2** Foundation/PRINCE2 Practitioner
- CPMP: Certified Project Management Practitioner
- Associate in Project Management
- MPM: Master Project Manager
- PPM: Professional in Project Management
- PMITS: Project Management in IT Security
- Certified Project Director
- CPM: Certified Project Manager (IAPM)



Methodology



- Formal PM methodologies
 - If you have to

But always.....

- Customise
- Enforce a structure to the project
- Secure the resources (supplier and client)
- Identify key milestones
- Manage expectations
- Be flexible change happens

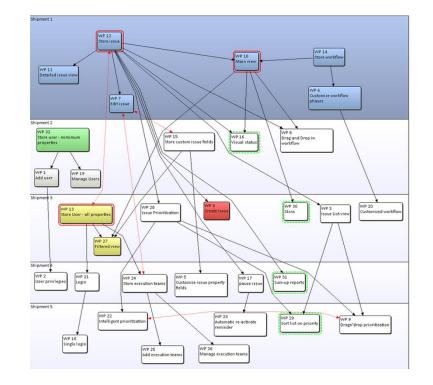


Project Anatomy

Anatomy

 the branch of science concerned with the bodily structure of humans, animals, and other living organisms, especially as revealed by dissection and the separation of parts.

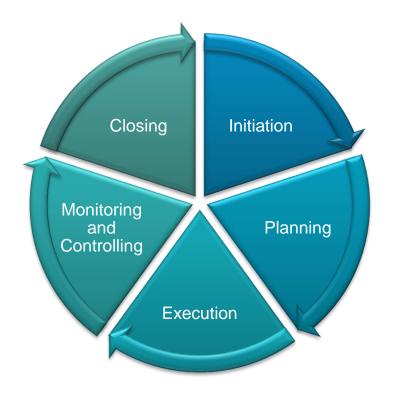
 a study of the structure or internal workings of something



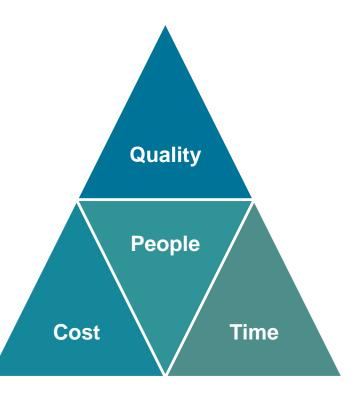


PM Basics

5-Phase Model



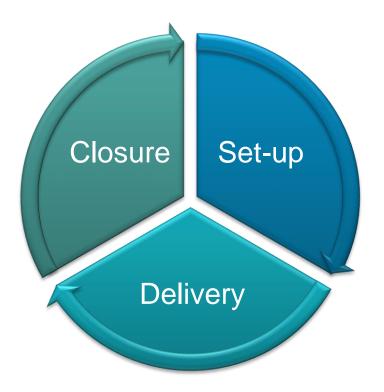
The Iron Triangle



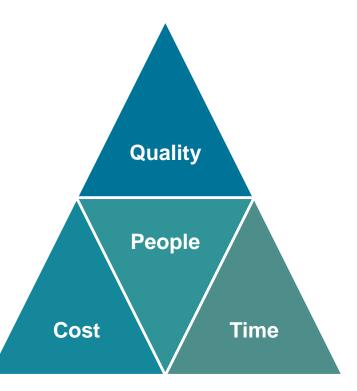


The 3-Phase Model

3-Phase Model



The Iron Triangle





Project Initiation Document

- Scope
- Requirements
- Design
- Methodology
- Finance and Resources
- Governance and Authority
- Testing and Acceptance













- Communications
 - **D** Project Controls
 - Measurable deliverables / milestones
- **Testing and Acceptance**
 - **I** Training
- Early Life Support
- Handover





Closure Checklist

- Benefits and Outcomes
- Exceptions
- Documentation
- Finance
- Support
- Transition to BAU



Party.....





- Keep them simple
- Match to the project

Manage the project – not the tools





Learned the hard way

- Take Control
- □ RTFM (insert specification / contract)
- Understand the solution and the challenges
- Don't believe anything
- Don't suffer fools
- Choose your battles
- Don't care too much
- Keep control of the client







